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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/708,511	03/09/2004	Lixin Situ	81094149 FMC 1693 PUS	2510
28395	7590	12/06/2005	EXAMINER	
BROOKS KUSHMAN P.C./FGTL 1000 TOWN CENTER 22ND FLOOR SOUTHFIELD, MI 48075-1238			NGUYEN, HUNG T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2636	

DATE MAILED: 12/06/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/708,511	Applicant(s) SITU ET AL.	
	Examiner HUNG T. NGUYEN	Art Unit 2636	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 November 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 09 March 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Response to Amendment filed on Nov. 22, 2005.

Declaration under 37 C.F.R. 1.131 is considered in the following:

The Declaration under 37 C.F.R. 1. 131 which requires showing of facts establishing reduction to practice / conception of the invention prior to the effective date of the reference coupled with due diligence from prior to said date to a subsequent reduction to practice.

The applicant **must provide more evidence of facts / more details due to diligence** prior or on Dec. 5, 2003, **NOT just the attached email (Appendix A) date on Dec. 03, 2003.**

2. Because of that, Examiner will remain the previous rejection mailed on Sept. 08, 2005 is the **Final rejection**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1-11 & 13-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kolpasky et al. / Patent Application Publication 2005/0128065 in view of Westberg et al. (U.S. 6,215,298).

Regarding claim 1, Kolpasky discloses a hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029] comprising:

- a first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029].

The reference of Kolpasky does not specifically mention a tachometer gauge for displaying engine revolution speed as claim by the applicant because that limitation is obvious and well know in the art.

However, if the applicant believes that that limitation is the primary subject of the invention, then a reference of Westberg teaches a tachometer having two display modes in which different ranges in two different sets of incremental values of engine speed in revolution per minute (rpm) are displayed [fig.1, col.1, lines 4-8, col.2, lines 53-58 and col.3, lines 49-54].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ the teaching of Westberg in the system of Kolpasky for measuring & displaying the rotations per minute of a rotating shaft.

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Regarding claims 2-3, Kolpasky discloses the hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029] comprising:

- the first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029]; and

Westberg teaches the tachometer gauge & pointer having two display modes in which two different ranges in two different sets of incremental values of engine speed in revolution per minute (rpm) are displayed [fig.1, col.1, lines 4-8, co1.2, lines 53-58 and co1.3, lines 49-54].

Regarding claim 4, Kolpasky does not mention the indicator is a binary display as claimed by the applicant.

Kolpasky discloses the hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least **three indicators** as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have the teaching of Westberg in the system of Kolpasky for performing the same function as desired as the display device (54) showing battery (58A) or fuel (58B) is operating the vehicle and speed Page 4 (58C) of the vehicle to the driver during operating the vehicle.

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Regarding claim 5, Kolpasky discloses the LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029] comprising:

- the first icon (58A) displays a blue color ms showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029].

Regarding claim 6, Kolpasky discloses a controller (50) to process the signal and control the LCD screen (54) [fig.2, paragraph 0025]; and

Westberg teaches a control circuit to process the tachometer gauge & pointer having two display modes in which two different ranges in two different sets of incremental values of engine speed in revolution per minute (pm) are displayed [figs.2, 3d, col.10, lines 38-45 and lines 59- 65].

Regarding claims 7-11 & 13, Kolpasky discloses the LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029]) comprising:

- the first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029].

Regarding claim 14, Kolpasky discloses a hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery

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(58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029] comprising:

- a first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029].

The reference of Kolpasky does not specifically mention a tachometer gauge for displaying engine revolution speed as claim by the applicant because that limitation is obvious and well know in the art.

However, if the applicant believes that that limitation is the primary subject of the invention, then a reference of Westberg teaches a tachometer having two display modes in which different ranges in two different sets of incremental values of engine speed in revolution per minute (rpm) are displayed [fig.1, col.1, lines 4-8, col.2, lines 53-58 and col.3, lines 49-54].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to utilize the teaching of Westberg in the system of Kolpasky for determining & displaying the rotations per minute of a rotating shaft.

Regarding claims 15-16, Kolpasky discloses the hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029] comprising:

- the first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029]; and

Westberg teaches the tachometer gauge & pointer having two display modes in which two different ranges in two different sets of incremental values of engine speed in revolution per minute (rpm) are displayed [fig.1, col.1, lines 4-8, co1.2, lines 53-58 and co1.3, lines 49-54].

Regarding claims 17-18, Kolpasky discloses the LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle (fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029) comprising:

- the first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029].

Regarding claims 19-20, Kolpasky discloses a hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least three indicators as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029] comprising:

- a first icon (58A) displays a blue color as showing the vehicle is powered by the electric or battery device ONLY [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0029].

The reference of Kolpasky does not specifically mention a tachometer gauge for displaying engine revolution speed as claim by the applicant because that limitation is obvious and well know in the art.

However, if the applicant believes that that limitation is the primary subject of the invention, then a reference of Westberg teaches a tachometer gauge & pointer having

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two display modes in which two different ranges in two different sets of incremental values of engine speed revolution per minute (pm) are displayed [fig.1, col.1, lines 4-8, col.2, lines 53-58 and col.3, lines 49-54].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use the teaching of Westberg in the system of Kolpasky for detecting & displaying the rotations per minute of a rotating shaft.

5. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kolpasky et al. / Patent Application Publication 2005/0128065 in view of Westberg et al. (U.S. 6,215,298) further in view of Crombez et al. (U.S. 6,480,106).

Regarding claim 12, Both Kolpasky & Westberg do not mention the indicator is an audio sound generator as claimed by the applicant.

Kolpasky discloses the hybrid vehicle instrument panel display (38) which having LCD screen (54) for showing at least **three indicators** as displaying battery (58A), fuel (58B) and speed (58C) of the vehicle [fig.2, paragraphs 0016, 0027, 0029].

Furthermore, Crombez teaches a system to monitor vehicle operation state can use analog needles or LEDS in various configurations as well as adding warning lamps or chimes when the instantaneous rate of consumption gauge with variable rate of consumption limits [fig.1, col.4, lines 21-27 and abstract].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have the teaching of Westberg and Crombez includes an audio signal in the system of Kolpasky for alerting & showing at least two signals as visual & audible to the driver of the vehicle.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

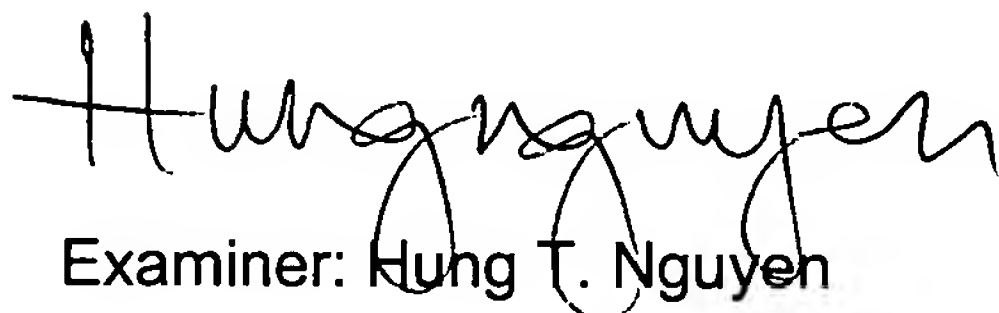
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hung T. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2982. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hofsass, Jeffery can be reached on (571) 272-2981. The fax phone number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

HUNG NGUYEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER


Examiner: Hung T. Nguyen

Date: Dec. 4, 2005